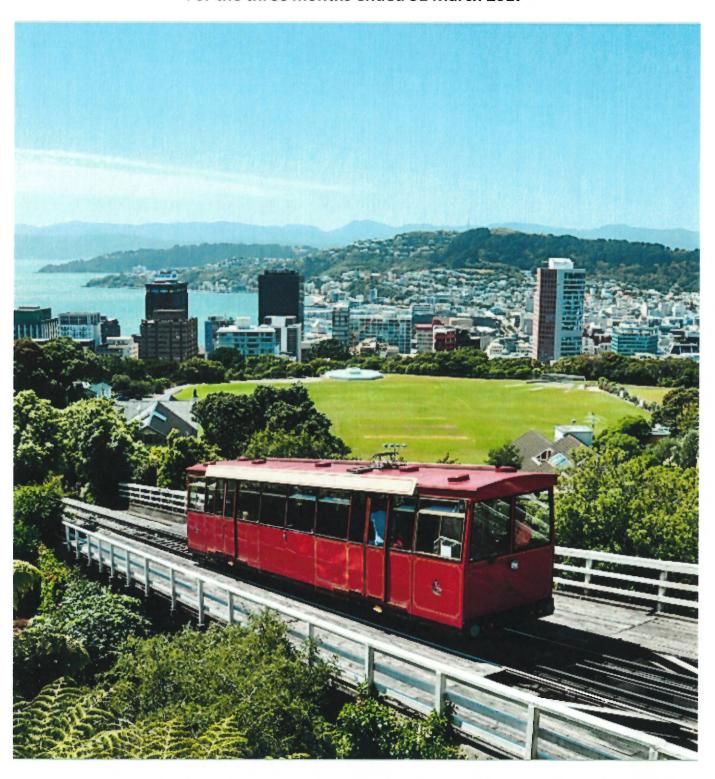
J.P.Morgan

JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association,
New Zealand Branch and associated JPMorgan Chase Bank, New
Zealand group

Disclosure Statement

For the three months ended 31 March 2017



Disclosure Statement

For the three months ended 31 March 2017

CONTENTS

1. Definitions
2. Corporate Information1
3. Financial Support2
4. Corporate Governance2
5. Pending Proceedings or Arbitration8
6. Current Credit Rating of Registered Bank9
7. Insurance Business and Non-Consolidated Activities9
8. Mortgage Business9
9. Other Material Matters9
10. Financial Statements of the Registered Bank and Banking Group10
11. Statement by the Directors and New Zealand Chief Executive Officer10
12 Disclosura Statement

1. DEFINITIONS

In this Disclosure Statement, unless the context otherwise requires:

Term	Description
Registered Bank	The worldwide operations of JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association or JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA.
	This includes the Banking Group
NZ Branch	The New Zealand operations of Registered Bank conducted through its New Zealand branch
JPMCC	JPMorgan Chase & Co, the ultimate holding company of the Registered Bank
Banking Group	The consolidated New Zealand operations of the Registered Bank, and includes the business conducted
	through NZ Branch and the Registered Bank's subsidiaries and associated companies operating in New
	Zealand, being J.P. Morgan Australia Limited, J.P. Morgan Markets Australia Pty Limited and J.P. Morgan
	Securities Australia Limited.

Unless otherwise defined in this Disclosure Statement, terms defined in the Registered Bank Disclosure Statements (Overseas Incorporated Registered Banks) Order 2014 (as amended) ("the **Order**") have the same meaning in this document.

2. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Registered Bank

JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association

Address of the Registered Bank's principal office

1111 Polaris Parkway Columbus, Ohio, 43240 USA

Ultimate Holding Company

JPMorgan Chase & Co.

Ultimate Holding Company's Address for Service

270 Park Avenue New York, New York 10017-2014 USA

Incorporation

The Registered Bank is a national banking association offering a wide range of banking and financial services to its customers both domestically and internationally. It is chartered by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC), a bureau of the United States Department of the Treasury. The Registered Bank's main office is located in Columbus, Ohio.

The Registered Bank was organised in the legal form of a banking corporation under the laws of the State of New York on 26 November 1968 for an unlimited duration. On 13 November 2004 it converted from a New York State banking corporation to a national banking association. On the same date Bank One, National Association (Chicago, Illinois) and Bank One, National Association (Columbus, Ohio) merged into JPMorgan Chase Bank, with the Registered Bank being the surviving legal entity.

The Registered Bank is one of the principal, wholly-owned subsidiaries of JPMCC. The ordinary shares of JPMCC are listed on the New York and London Exchanges and form part of the Dow Jones Industrial Average index of the New York Stock Exchange. JPMCC delisted its shares from the Tokyo Exchange effective Sunday, 26 April 2015.

3. FINANCIAL SUPPORT

Ranking of Local Creditors in Winding-up

NZ Branch is a branch of the Registered Bank and is not a separate legal entity. Therefore, assets and liabilities of NZ Branch are consolidated in the balance sheet of the Registered Bank.

The rights of all creditors of the Registered Bank, including those located in New Zealand, in the event of the Registered Bank's insolvency, would be governed by the U.S. Federal Deposit Insurance Act of 1950. Under U.S. federal law, the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, as the appropriate federal banking regulator of national banks, is empowered to declare a national bank insolvent, and appoint the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the "FDIC") as receiver. In this role, the FDIC is authorised to liquidate the assets of the insolvent institution and distribute the proceeds to the institution's creditors. Payment to holders of insured deposits held in the Registered Bank's U.S. Branches, administrative expenses of the receiver and secured creditors rank in priority of payment over all other unsecured creditors, including depositors in the Registered Bank's non-U.S. branches (such as NZ Branch) who would then rank *pari passu* in order of payment. The basic insurance amount is US\$250,000 per U.S depositor per insured. In addition, U.S. federal law provides that national banks are not required to repay deposits at their non-U.S. branches if the relevant branch cannot pay them due to an action by the local government preventing payment or an act of war, insurrection or civil strife, unless the bank has expressly agreed in writing to repay the deposits under those circumstances.

Guarantee Arrangements

No material obligations of the New Zealand business of the Registered Bank (or the Banking Group) are guaranteed as at the date of signing the Disclosure Statement.

4. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Directors of the Registered Bank

The name, occupation, professional qualifications and country of residence of each Director of the Registered Bank are as follows:

James S Crown
Independent Director, President of Henry Crown and Company
BA - Hampshire College; Law Degree - Stanford University Law School
United States of America

Laban P Jackson, Jr Independent Director, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Clear Creek Properties, Inc. US Military Academy United States of America

William C Weldon (Non Executive Chairman of the Board)
Independent Director, Retired Chairman and CEO, Johnson and Johnson
BA - Quinnipiac University
United States of America

Todd A. Combs Independent Director, Investment Officer, Berkshire Hathaway Inc. BS - Florida State University MBA - Columbia Business School United States of America

Linda B Bammann
Independent Director, Retired Deputy Head of Risk Management
BA - Stanford University; MA – University of Michigan
United States of America

James A Bell Independent Director, Retired Executive Vice President, The Boeing Company BS - California State University United States of America

Crandall C Bowles
Independent Director, Chairman Emeritus, The Springs Company
BA - Wellesley College; MBA – Columbia University
United States of America

Stephen B Burke
Independent Director, Chief Executive Officer, NBCUniversal, LLC
BA - Colgate University; MBA – Harvard Business School
United States of America

James Dimon
Director, Chief Executive Officer and President
Bachelor's Degree - Tufts University; MBA – Harvard Business School
United States of America

Timothy P Flynn
Independent Director, Retired Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, KPMG International
BA - The University of St. Thomas
United States of America

Michael A Neal
Independent Director, Retired Vice Chairman, General Electric Company; Retired Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, GE
Capital
BS - Georgia Institute of Technology
United States of America

Lee R Raymond
Independent Director, Retired Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Exxon Mobil Corporation
BS - University of Wisconsin; Ph.D. Chemical Engineering – University of Minnesota
United States of America

Address to which communications addressed to the Directors may be sent

Office of the Secretary
JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association
270 Park Avenue
New York, New York 10017-2070
United States of America

Non-banking group companies of which the Directors of the Registered Bank are directors

The following Directors of the Registered Bank hold the following directorships:

- Mr Crown is a director of Henry Crown and Company and General Dynamics Corporation, companies incorporated in the United States of America
- Mr Jackson is a director of Clear Creek Properties, Inc., a company incorporated in the United States of America
- Mr Weldon is a director of CVS Health Corporation and Exxon Mobil Corporation, companies incorporated in the United States of America
- Mr Bell is a director of Dow Chemical Company, CDW Corporation and Apple, Inc., companies incorporated in the United States of America
- Ms Bowles is a director of Deere and Company, a company incorporated in the United States of America

- Mr Burke is a director of Berkshire Hathaway Inc., a company incorporated in the United States of America
- Mr Flynn is a director of Wal-Mart Stores, United Healthcare, Inc. and Alcoa Corporation, companies incorporated in the United States of America
- Mr Combs is a director of Berkshire Hathaway subsidiaries Precision Castparts Corp., Charter Brokerage LLC and Duracell Inc.

Each of the Directors of the Registered Bank also serves on the Board of Directors of JPMCC.

In addition, the Directors of the Registered Bank are directors of a number of companies which are either wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Registered Bank, are of a charitable or philanthropic nature, or relate to their personal superannuation or business affairs, and which are not listed in this document.

Director Related Transactions

There are no transactions between the Directors and the Registered Bank or any member of the Banking Group as at the date of this Disclosure Statement which have either been entered into on terms other than those which would in the ordinary course of business of the Registered Bank or any member of the Banking Group, be given to any other person of like circumstances or means, or which could otherwise be reasonably likely to materially influence the exercise of the Directors' duties.

Responsible Persons authorised in writing to sign this Disclosure Statement in accordance with section 82 of the Reserve Bank of New Zealand Act 1989 on behalf of each Director

The name, occupation, professional qualifications and country of residence of each Responsible Person are as follows

Robert C Priestley*

Senior Country Officer, JPMorgan Australia and New Zealand Group

Bachelor of Commerce – University of Melbourne; Association of Chartered Accountants; Fellow of the Australian Institute of Management

Australia

*In office as Senior Country Officer at 31 March 2017. Paul Uren became Senior Country Officer on 16 May 2017.

Warren Davis

Senior Country Business Manager, JPMorgan Australia and New Zealand Group Australia

Stewart Old

Senior Financial Officer, JPMorgan Australia and New Zealand Group Bachelor of Arts, Bachelor of Laws, Master of Laws – University of Sydney; Certified Practicing Accountant Australia

New Zealand Chief Executive Officer

The name, occupation, professional qualifications and country of residence of the New Zealand Chief Executive Officer who held office at any time during the reporting period ended 31 March 2017 are as follows:

Mark R Lawrence Chief Executive Officer – New Zealand Bachelor of Commerce – Otago University New Zealand

In his capacity as Chief Executive Officer of New Zealand, Mr Mark Lawrence reports to Mr Warren Davis.

Address to which communications addressed to the Responsible Persons, and the New Zealand Chief Executive Officer, may be sent

JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association - New Zealand Branch PO Box 5652 Lambton Quay, Wellington 6145 New Zealand

Non-banking group companies of which the New Zealand Chief Executive Officer is a director

Mr Lawrence is a director of JP Morgan Trust Company (New Zealand) Limited.

New Zealand Chief Executive Officer Related Transactions

There are no transactions between the New Zealand Chief Executive Officer and the Registered Bank or any member of the Banking Group as at the date of this Disclosure Statement which have either been entered into on terms other than those which would, in the ordinary course of business of the Registered Bank or any member of the Banking Group, be given to any other person of like circumstances or means, or which could otherwise be reasonably likely to materially influence the exercise of the New Zealand Chief Executive Officer's duties.

Transactions with Related Persons

JPMCC has adopted a policy entitled "Transactions with Related Persons Policy" (Policy) which sets forth JPMCC's policies and procedures for reviewing and approving transactions with related persons (i.e. JPMCC's Directors, executive officers and their immediate family members). The transactions covered by the Policy include any financial transaction, arrangement or relationship in which JPMCC (including the Registered Bank) is a participant, where:

- the related person has or will have a direct or indirect material interest; and
- the aggregate amount involved will or may be expected to exceed US\$120,000 in any fiscal year.

After becoming aware of any transaction which may be subject to the Policy, the related person is required to report all relevant facts with respect to the transaction to the General Counsel of JPMCC.

Upon determination by the General Counsel that a transaction requires review under the Policy, the material facts of the transaction and the related person's interest in the transaction are provided, in the case of Directors, to the Governance Committee of JPMCC and, in the case of executive officers, to the Audit Committee.

The transaction is then reviewed by the applicable committee, which determines whether approval or ratification of the transaction shall be granted. In reviewing a transaction, the applicable committee considers facts and circumstances which it considers relevant to its determination. Material facts may include:

- management's assessment of the commercial reasonableness of the transaction;
- the materiality of the related person's direct or indirect interest in the transaction;
- · whether the transaction may involve an actual or the appearance of a conflict of interest; and
- if the transaction involves a Director, the impact of the transaction on the Director's independence.

Certain types of transactions are pre-approved in accordance with the terms of the Policy. These include transactions in the ordinary course of business involving financial products and services provided by, or to, JPMCC (including the Registered Bank), including loans, provided such transactions are in compliance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, Federal Reserve Board Regulation O and other applicable laws and regulations.

Regulation O

Regulation O of the Federal Reserve Board of the United States of America establishes requirements for loans and other extensions of credit that the Registered Bank may make to persons affiliated with the Registered Bank. The purpose of Regulation O is to protect the soundness of financial institutions in the United States of America by preventing unwarranted extensions of credit by a financial institution to persons affiliated with the financial institution that could put the financial institution's capital at risk. Regulation O prohibits the Registered Bank from lending to its Directors and their related interests unless such extensions of credit:

• are made on substantially the same terms and conditions, including interest rates and collateral, as those prevailing at the time for comparable transactions with unrelated third parties;

Regulation O (continued)

- are made following credit underwriting procedures that are not less stringent than for comparable transactions with unrelated third parties; and
- do not involve more than the normal risk of repayment or present other unfavourable features.

The New Zealand Chief Executive Officer is not subject to Regulation O.

Conflicts of Interest

The Conflicts Office of JPMCC monitors the Registered Bank's business activities to avoid or manage any conflicts of interests and related reputation risks. The Conflicts Office reviews transactions, products and activities that may pose significant risks to the Registered Bank's reputation as a result of actual or perceived conflicts of interest. Any transaction, product or activity that raises significant reputation risk for the Registered Bank as a result of actual or perceived conflicts of interest must be referred to the Conflicts Office for review and approval. JPMCC's policy entitled "Global Conflicts Policy" (and related, business-specific modifications) describes the activities subject to the Registered Bank's conflicts risk management and the requirements for reporting them.

Corporate Governance and Risk Management

The Registered Bank's Board and management execute their duties with regards to meeting prudential and statutory requirements by setting in place prudent risk management policies and controls.

The risk management framework and governance structure of the Registered Bank is intended to provide comprehensive controls and ongoing management of the major risks inherent in its business activities.

Within the three lines of defense model of the Registered Bank, the lines of business own management of risks and compliance with applicable laws/rules/regulations, while independent functions (Risk, Compliance, Audit) provide oversight, guidance and effective challenge.

Conditions of Registration

There was a change to the Conditions of Registration which came into effect on 1 October 2016 in relation to the Framework for Restrictions on High-LVR Residential Mortgage Lending (BS19). The Registered Bank does not provide mortgage loans in New Zealand.

The Registered Bank was entered into the Reserve Bank of New Zealand register of registered banks effective 1 October 2007.

As at 31 March 2017, the registration of JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. ("the registered bank") in New Zealand is subject to the following conditions (the "Conditions of Registration") which came into effect on 1 October 2016:

1. That the banking group does not conduct any non-financial activities that in aggregate are material relative to its total activities.

In this condition of registration, the meaning of "material" is based on generally accepted accounting practice.

2. That the banking group's insurance business is not greater than 1% of its total consolidated assets.

For the purposes of this condition of registration, the banking group's insurance business is the sum of the following amounts for entities in the banking group:

- (a) if the business of an entity predominantly consists of insurance business and the entity is not a subsidiary of another entity in the banking group whose business predominantly consists of insurance business, the amount of the insurance business to sum is the total consolidated assets of the group headed by the entity; and
- (b) if the entity conducts insurance business and its business does not predominantly consist of insurance business and the entity is not a subsidiary of another entity in the banking group whose business predominantly consists of insurance business, the amount of the insurance business to sum is the total liabilities relating to the entity's

Conditions of Registration (continued)

insurance business plus the equity retained by the entity to meet the solvency or financial soundness needs of its insurance business.

In determining the total amount of the banking group's insurance business-

- (a) all amounts must relate to on balance sheet items only, and must comply with generally accepted accounting practice; and
- (b) if products or assets of which an insurance business is comprised also contain a non-insurance component, the whole of such products or assets must be considered part of the insurance business.

For the purposes of this condition of registration,—

"insurance business" means the undertaking or assumption of liability as an insurer under a contract of insurance:

"insurer" and "contract of insurance" have the same meaning as provided in sections 6 and 7 of the Insurance (Prudential Supervision) Act 2010.

- 3. That the business of the registered bank in New Zealand does not constitute a predominant proportion of the total business of the registered bank.
- 4. That no appointment to the position of the New Zealand chief executive officer of the registered bank shall be made unless:
 - (a) the Reserve Bank has been supplied with a copy of the curriculum vitae of the proposed appointee; and
 - (b) the Reserve Bank has advised that it has no objection to that appointment.
- 5. That JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. complies with the requirements imposed on it by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.
- 6. That, with reference to the following table, each capital adequacy ratio of JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. must be equal to or greater than the applicable minimum requirement.

Capital adequacy ratio	Minimum Requirement On and after 1 January 2015
Common Equity Tier 1 capital	4.5 percent
Tier 1 capital	6 percent
Total capital	8 percent

For the purposes of this condition of registration, the capital adequacy ratios-

- (a) must be calculated as a percentage of the registered bank's risk weighted assets; and
- (b) are otherwise as administered by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.
- 7. That liabilities of the registered bank in New Zealand, net of amounts due to related parties (including amounts due to a subsidiary or affiliate of the registered bank), do not exceed NZ\$15 billion.
- 8. That retail deposits of the registered bank in New Zealand do not exceed \$200 million. For the purposes of this condition retail deposits are defined as deposits by natural persons, excluding deposits with an outstanding balance which exceeds \$250,000.
- 9. That, for a loan-to-valuation measurement period, the total of the business of the registered bank in New Zealand's qualifying new mortgage lending amount in respect of property-investment residential mortgage loans with a loan-to-

Conditions of Registration (continued)

valuation ratio of more than 60%, must not exceed 5% of the total of the qualifying new mortgage lending amount in respect of property-investment residential mortgage loans arising in the loan-to-valuation measurement period.

- 10. That, for a loan-to-valuation measurement period, the total of the business of the registered bank in New Zealand's qualifying new mortgage lending amount in respect of non property-investment residential mortgage loans with a loan-to-valuation ratio of more than 80%, must not exceed 10% of the total of the qualifying new mortgage lending amount in respect of non property-investment residential mortgage loans arising in the loan-to-valuation measurement period.
- 11. That the business of the registered bank in New Zealand must not make a residential mortgage loan unless the terms and conditions of the loan contract or the terms and conditions for an associated mortgage require that a borrower obtain the registered bank's agreement before the borrower can grant to another person a charge over the residential property used as security for the loan.

In these conditions of registration,-

"banking group" means the New Zealand business of the registered bank and its subsidiaries as required to be reported in group financial statements for the group's New Zealand business under section 461B(2) of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013.

"business of the registered bank in New Zealand" means the New Zealand business of the registered bank as defined in the requirement for financial statements for New Zealand business in section 461B(1) of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013.

"generally accepted accounting practice" has the same meaning as in section 8 of the Financial Reporting Act 2013.

"liabilities of the registered bank in New Zealand" means the liabilities that the registered bank would be required to report in financial statements for its New Zealand business if section 461B(1) of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 applied.

In conditions of registration 9 to 11,-

"loan-to-valuation ratio", "non property-investment residential mortgage loans", property-investment residential mortgage loans", "qualifying new mortgage lending amount in respect of property-investment residential mortgage loans", "qualifying new mortgage lending amount in respect of non property-investment residential mortgage loans", and "residential mortgage loan" have the same meaning as in the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document entitled "Framework for Restrictions on High-LVR Residential Mortgage Lending" (BS19) dated October 2016, and where the version of the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document "Capital Adequacy Framework (Standardised Approach)" (BS2A) referred to in BS19 for the purpose of defining these terms is that dated November 2015. "ANPIL", "APIL", "loan-to-valuation ratio", "non-Auckland loan", "qualifying new mortgage lending amount in respect of [...]" and "residential mortgage loan" have the same meaning as in the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document entitled "Framework for Restrictions on High-LVR Residential Mortgage Lending" (BS 19) dated November 2015, where the version of the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document "Capital Adequacy Framework (Standardised Approach)" (BS2A) referred to in BS19 for the purpose of defining these terms is that dated November 2015.

"loan-to-valuation measurement period" means a period of six calendar months ending on the last day of the sixth calendar month, the first of which ends on the last day of March 2017.

There were no changes to the conditions of registration from 31 December 2016.

5. PENDING PROCEEDINGS OR ARBITRATION

There are no pending proceedings or arbitration of which we are aware that may have a material adverse effect on the Banking Group, nor, to the extent publicly available, that may have a material adverse effect on the Registered Bank.

6. CURRENT CREDIT RATING OF THE REGISTERED BANK

The Registered Bank has the following general credit ratings applicable to long term senior unsecured obligations payable in any country or currency and applicable in New Zealand, in New Zealand dollars:

9	Current Rating	Previous Credit Rating (if changed in the previous two years)	Outlook
Moody's Investor Services, Inc	Aa3	-	Stable
Standard & Poor's Corporation	A+	-	Stable
Fitch IBCA, Inc	AA-	A+ (changed on 19 May 2015)	Stable

Legend to Rating Scales

Long Term Debt Ratings	Moody's	S&P	FITCH
	(a)	(b)	(b)
Highest quality/Extremely strong capacity to pay interest and principal High quality/Very strong Upper medium grade/Strong	Aaa	AAA	AAA
	Aa	AA	AA
	A	A	A
Medium grade (lowest investment grade)/Adequate Predominately speculative/Less near term vulnerability to default Speculative, low grade/Greater vulnerability	Baa	BBB	BBB
	Ba	BB	BB
	B	B	B
Poor to default/Identifiable vulnerability Highest speculations Lowest quality, no interest	Caa Ca C	ccc cc	ccc cc c
Payment in default, in arrears – questionable value		D	D

- (a) Moody's applies numeric modifiers to each generic ratings category from Aa to B, indicating that the counterparty is:
 - (1) in the higher end of its letter rating category
 - (2) in mid-range
 - (3) in lower end
- (b) S&P and Fitch apply plus (+) or minus (-) signs to ratings from AA to CCC, to indicate relative standing within the major rating categories.

7. INSURANCE BUSINESS AND NON-CONSOLIDATED ACTIVITIES

The Banking Group does not conduct any insurance business.

The Registered Bank does not conduct in New Zealand, outside of the Banking Group, any insurance business or non-financial activities.

8. MORTGAGE BUSINESS

The Banking Group does not provide mortgage loans in New Zealand.

9. OTHER MATERIAL MATTERS

There are no other matters relating to the business or affairs of the Registered Bank and the Banking Group which are not contained elsewhere in this Disclosure Statement which, if disclosed, would materially adversely affect the decision of a person to subscribe for debt securities of which the Registered Bank or any member of the Banking Group is the issuer.

10. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE REGISTERED BANK AND BANKING GROUP

Attached to, and forming part of, this Disclosure Statement are the most recent publicly available audited financial statements of the Registered Bank (consolidated) for the twelve months ended 31 December 2016, and (unaudited) financial statements of the Registered Bank (consolidated) for the three months ended 31 March 2017, each prepared in accordance with US GAAP.

The most recent publicly available Disclosure Statement of the Banking Group and the Registered Bank can be accessed online at http://www.jpmorgan.com/pages/international/newzealand

11. STATEMENT BY THE DIRECTORS AND NEW ZEALAND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Each Director, and the New Zealand Chief Executive Officer, after due enquiry, believe that:

- This Disclosure Statement contains all the information that is required by the Registered Bank Disclosure Statements (Overseas Incorporated Registered Banks) Order 2014 (as amended) as at the date on which this Disclosure Statement is signed;
- The Registered Bank has complied with all conditions of registration that applied during the accounting period;
- NZ Branch had systems in place to monitor and control adequately the material risks of the Registered Bank's Banking Group, including credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, currency risk, equity risk, liquidity risk and other business risks, and that those systems were being properly applied during the accounting period; and
- This Disclosure Statement is not false or misleading as at the date on which this Disclosure Statement is signed.

The current directors of the Registered Bank are James S Crown, William C Weldon, Laban P Jackson Jr, Linda B Bammann, James A Bell, Crandall C Bowles, Stephen B Burke, James Dimon, Timothy P Flynn, Michael A Neal, Lee R Raymond and Todd A Combs.

This Disclosure Statement is signed by Mr Old as a Responsible Person on behalf of each of the Directors, and Mr Lawrence, New Zealand Chief Executive Officer

Selecce Cht		26 May 2017
Stewart Old	Date	
Mr. L		26 May 2017
Mark Lawrence		Date

Signed on behalf of the Directors of JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A.

12. Disclosure Statement

For the three months ended 31 March 2017

Contents

Sta	tement of S	ignificant Accounting Policies	12
Sta	tement of C	Comprehensive Income	14
Sta	tement of C	hanges in Equity	15
Sta	tement of F	inancial Position	16
Sta	tement of C	ash Flows	17
Not	es to the Fi	nancial Statements	
	Note 1	Interest Income	. 18
	Note 2	Other Operating Income/(Loss)	. 18
	Note 3	Operating Expenses	. 18
	Note 4	Income Tax Expense/(Benefit)	. 19
	Note 5	Equity	. 19
	Note 6	Currency Translation Reserve	. 19
	Note 7	Cash and Cash Equivalents	. 19
	Note 8	Margin and Other Receivables	. 20
	Note 9	Deposits – Short Term	. 20
	Note 10	Payables	. 20
	Note 11	Related Party Transactions	. 21
	Note 12	Total Liabilities of the Registered Bank in New Zealand, Net of Amounts Due to Related Parties	. 21
	Note 13	Reconciliation of Net Surplus to Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activities	. 22
	Note 14	Commitments and Contingent Liabilities	. 23
	Note 15	Intangible Assets	. 23
	Note 16	Events after the Reporting Period	. 23
	Note 17	Financial Statements of the Registered Bank	. 23
	Note 18	Interest Earning and Discount Bearing Assets and Liabilities	. 24
	Note 19	Capital Adequacy	. 24
	Note 20	Concentration of Credit Exposure to Individual Counterparties	. 25
	Note 21	Activities of the Banking Group in New Zealand	. 25
	Note 22	Risk Management	. 26
	Note 23	Exposures to Market Risk	. 26
	Note 24	Asset Quality	. 27
	Note 25	Registered Bank Profitability and Size	. 28

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Statutory Base

These financial statements have been prepared and presented in accordance with the requirements of the Financial Reporting Act 2013, the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 (the Act), the Companies Act 1993, the Registered Bank Disclosure Statements (Overseas Incorporated Registered Banks) Order, 2014 (as amended), the Reserve Bank of New Zealand Act 1989, applicable New Zealand equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (NZ-IFRS) and other applicable Financial Reporting Standards, as appropriate for profit-oriented entities. The financial report, comprising the financial statements and accompanying notes of the Banking Group (as defined on page 1) comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

The Act governs how financial products are created, promoted and sold, and the ongoing responsibilities of those who offer, deal and trade them. It covers a number of different areas, including fair dealing provisions, disclosure of offers of financial products, and Financial Reporting. The Act became effective on a phased basis, with the last phase occurring in December 2014. Management have considered the impact of the Act and, from a Financial Reporting perspective, note that the Registered Bank has become a "FMC reporting entity" from 1 January 2015. This has resulted in increased reporting requirements for auditors should a modified audit opinion be issued, and a reduction in the reporting deadline for New Zealand Companies Office submissions.

These financial statements are for the Banking Group and are authorised by the Directors for issue on 26 May 2017. The Registered Bank has the power to amend and re-issue the financial report.

B. Measurement Base

The financial statements are based on the general principles of historical cost, as modified by the valuation of certain assets which are recorded at their fair values. The going concern concept and the accruals concept of accounting have been adopted. All amounts are expressed in New Zealand dollars and all references to "\$" are to New Zealand dollars unless otherwise stated. The amounts in the financial report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise stated.

C. Basis of Aggregation and Preparation

This interim report has been prepared in accordance with the New Zealand International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34.

The financial statements of NZ Branch, the New Zealand branch operations of J.P. Morgan Australia Limited, J.P. Morgan Securities Australia Limited and J.P. Morgan Markets Australia Pty Limited, have been aggregated to form the Banking Group.

All transactions and balances between entities within the Banking Group have been eliminated.

D. Comparatives

Where necessary, comparatives have been reclassified to conform with changes in presentation in the current reporting period. Where restatements are material, the nature of and the reason for the restatement are disclosed in the relevant note.

E. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Banking Group's accounting policies. Estimates and judgements are determined using historical knowledge and other factors, including a reasonable expectation of future events. Estimates, where applied, are subject to continuing evaluation for appropriateness. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are detailed below.

Fair Value

Where an active market exists for a financial instrument, fair values are determined by reference to the quoted prices/yields at balance date. Such instruments are classified as level 1 within the fair value hierarchy table in the audited financial statements of the Banking Group for the year ended 31 December 2016. However, for certain financial instruments where no active market exists, judgement is used to select the valuation technique which best estimates its fair value.

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (continued)

The fair value of financial instruments held by the Banking Group at balance date, where valuation techniques or models have been applied, are classified within level 2 of the fair value hierarchy table, as inputs to the techniques and models are market observable.

Impairment of Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Goodwill and intangible assets are tested annually for impairment to determine whether the fair value is less than the carrying amount and whether the impairment is other than temporary. The fair value is determined based on present value of future cash flow projection at a discount rate of 15.0%. The cash flow projection model is based on management assumptions of future growth rates for expenses and revenue. All future cash flows are based on five year projections based on most recent forecasts, incorporating a 2% growth rate. The business forecasts applied by management are considered appropriate as they are based on past experience and are consistent with observable current market information. The results of the impairment testing performed did not result in any impairment being identified.

There are no other judgements that management has made in the process of applying the Banking Group's accounting policies that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements, nor any key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

F. Significant Accounting Policies

There have been no changes in accounting policies or methods of computation in the preparation of the financial statements for the three months ending 31 March 2017 since the most recent annual financial statements for the year ending 31 December 2016.

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

Banking Group (\$'000) Unaudited Unaudited Audited 3 months to 12 months to 3 months to Note 31/03/2017 31/03/2016 31/12/2016 1 2,791 3,810 16,862 Interest income (2,606)(10,916)(1,351)Interest expense 5,946 1,204 1,440 Net interest income 15,043 2 2,660 2,071 Other operating income/(loss) 20,989 3,275 4,100 **Total operating income** (2,456)(13, 134)3 (2,459)Operating expenses 1,641 819 7,855 Net profit/(loss) before taxation (2,400)(475)(235)Income tax (expense)/benefit 584 5,455 1,166 Net profit/(loss) after taxation 2 (95)6 14 Other comprehensive income, net of tax 1,180 586 5,360 Total comprehensive income for the period

The above Statement of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

		Banking Group (\$'000)			
				Foreign	
	Note			Currency	
	Note	Ordinary	Retained	Translation	Total
		Shares	Earnings	Reserve	Equity
31 March 2016					
Equity as at 1 January 2016 (audited)		-			
Net profit/(loss) after taxation		=	584	-	584
Foreign currency translation reserve movement	6	=		2	2
Total comprehensive income for the period	•	-	584	2	586
(Repatriation)/reimbursement (to)/from head office			(584)	(2)	(586)
Equity as at 31 March 2016 (unaudited)	5		-	-	-
31 December 2016					
Equity as at 1 January 2016 (audited)		_	-	-	_
Net profit/(loss) after taxation		-	5,455	n=	5,455
Foreign currency translation reserve movement	6	-	-	(95)	(95)
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	-	5,455	(95)	5,360
(Repatriation)/reimbursement (to)/from head office	_	=	(5,455)	95	(5,360)
Equity as at 31 December 2016 (audited)	5	-	-	-	-
31 March 2017					
Equity as at 1 January 2017 (audited)		-		-	
Net profit/(loss) after taxation		_	1,166	-	1,166
Foreign currency translation reserve movement	6	-	-	14	14
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	1,166	14	1,180
(Repatriation)/reimbursement (to)/from head office		6=	(1,166)	(14)	(1,180)
Equity as at 31 March 2017 (unaudited)	5	-		-	-

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2017

		Banking Group (\$'000)		0)
	Note	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
		31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/12/2016
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	7	22,985	385,343	211,601
Margin and other receivables	8	360,806	557,608	357,560
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		116,753	77,489	37,769
Cash collateral pledged on reverse repurchase agreements		92,264	190,650	122,881
Loans and advances		472,056	101,169	114,657
		1,064,864	1,312,259	844,468
Non Current Assets				
Fixed assets		-	12	=
Intangible assets	15	740	778	750
Deferred tax assets	<u>-</u>	360	166	360
		1,100	956	1,110
Total Assets	•	1,065,964	1,313,215	845,578
LIABILITIES	•			
Current Liabilities				
Overdrafts		303,383	1	-
Deposits – short term	9	189,640	484,212	326,505
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		13,482	81,595	63,702
Cash collateral received on repurchase agreements		81,820	145,717	59,418
Payables	10	474,476	600,231	393,129
Provision for taxation		3,163	1,459	2,824
Total Liabilities		1,065,964	1,313,215	845,578
	•		- LINE PROPERTY.	
Net Assets		-	-	
EQUITY				
Attributable to the shareholders of the Banking Group		=	-	-
Total Equity	5	-	-	

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

		Bar	nking Group (\$'00	0)
		Unaudited 3 months to 31/03/2017	Unaudited 3 months to 31/03/2016	Audited 12 months to 31/12/2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Fees, commissions and other income received		2,889	1,719	12,776
Payments to suppliers and employees		699	1,698	(6,293)
Receipts from/(payments to) related parties		(10,575)	142,421	97,778
Net movement in margin balances		(651)	649	(4,196)
Net proceed from disposal/(purchase) of financial instruments		(76,619)	(26,552)	(23,623)
Net (increase)/decrease in loans		(357,399)	(8,056)	(21,544)
Increase/(decrease) in deposits		(50,100)	157,488	42,852
Tax paid		(317)	(48)	(749)
Interest received		2,457	3,521	13,498
Interest paid		(1,819)	(3,056)	(13,281)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	13	(491,435)	269,784	97,218
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Plant and equipment		_	_	_
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities	,	0	0	0
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Repatriation of profit		(596)	(164)	(1,513)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities	•	(596)	(164)	(1,513)
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(233)	(=0.7	(=)0=0)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash		(492,031)	269,620	95,705
Opening cash and cash equivalents		211,601	115,787	115,787
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates on cash balances		32	(65)	109
Closing cash and cash equivalents	7(a)	(280,398)	385,342	211,601

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

	Banking Group (\$'000)		
	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
	3 months to	3 months to	12 months to
	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/12/2016
NOTE 1 - INTEREST INCOME			
Cash and cash equivalents	950	1,439	5,641
Trading securities	957	1,417	8,237
Loans	884	954	2,984
Total interest income	2,791	3,810	16,862
NOTE A COLUED ODER ATING INCOME (II) OCC.)			
NOTE 2 – OTHER OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS)			
Fee and commissions income	3,081	2,605	15,911
Trading income/(loss)	(434)	(547)	(915)
Other income	13	13	47
Total other operating income/(loss)	2,660	2,071	15,043
NOTE 3 – OPERATING EXPENSES			
Administration expenses	1,376	1,517	6,937
Employee expenses	425	389	1,507
Fee and commissions expense	362	165	2,602
Other expenses	209	266	1,688
Occupancy expenses	45	52	190
Depreciation & amortisation	10	48	88
Professional services expenses	29	15	106
Technology & communications expenses	3	3	15
Travel expenses		1	1
Total operating expenses	2,459	2,456	13,134

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	banking Group (\$ 000)			
	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited	
	3 months to	3 months to	12 months to	
	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/12/2016	
NOTE 4 – INCOME TAX EXPENSE / (BENEFIT)				
(a) The components of tax expense/ (benefit) comprise:				
Current tax	475	235	2,578	
Deferred tax	-	-	(194)	
Over/ (Under) provision for prior years	-	-	16	
	475	235	2,400	
(b) The prima facie tax on operating surplus before tax is reconciled to the income tax expense/ (benefit) as follows				
Operating surplus/(deficit) before tax	1,641	819	7,855	
Income tax expense/(benefit) - prima facie at the				
Australian rate of 30% and New Zealand rate of 28%	475	235	2,301	
Tax effect of non deductible expense	-	-	83	
Adjustment for (over)/under provision in prior periods	-	_	16	
Total income tax expense	475	235	2,400	

NOTE 5 - EQUITY

Profits of the Banking Group are repatriated to Head Office on a monthly basis. Similarly, any losses are reimbursed by Head Office on a monthly basis.

	Banking Group (\$'000)		
	Unaudited 31/03/2017	Unaudited 31/03/2016	Audited 31/12/2016
NOTE 6 – CURRENCY TRANSLATION RESERVE			
Opening balance Currency retranslation during the period (Repatriation)/reimbursement (to)/from head office Closing balance	14 (14)	2 (2)	- (95) 95 -
NOTE 7 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Due from central and other banks			
New Zealand - short term deposit New Zealand - at call Overseas - at call Total due from central and other banks	19,436 3,549 22,985	334,000 33,723 17,620 385,343	162,000 45,888 3,713 211,601
Total cash and cash equivalents	22,985	385,343	211,601

FOR THE THREE WONTHS ENDED ST WARCH 2017	Banking Group (\$'000)		
	Unaudited 31/03/2017	Unaudited 31/03/2016	Audited 31/12/2016
NOTE 7 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)			
7 (a) Reconciliation of Cash Cash at the end of the reporting period as shown in the Statement of Cash Flows is reconciled to items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:			
Cash and cash equivalents Overdrafts	22,985 (303,383)	385,343 (1)	211,601
<u>-</u>	(280,398)	385,342	211,601
As at 31 March 2017, the Banking Group had an overdraft with another New settlement of an FX position. This was cleared the next business day.	w Zealand financi	al institution ass	ociated with the
NOTE 8 – MARGIN AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
Fee income receivable Interest receivable Amounts due from related parties Margin receivable	1,783 162 1,400 357,395 28	2,073 117 4,029 551,169 213	2,189 149 702 354,427
Income tax receivable Other receivable	38	7	93
Total margin and other receivables =	360,806	557,608	357,560
NOTE 9 – DEPOSITS - SHORT TERM			
Deposits	189,640	484,212	326,505
Total Deposits – short term =	189,640	484,212	326,505
Retail deposits of the Registered Bank in New Zealand for the period were Nil (20	016: Nil).		
NOTE 10 – PAYABLES			
Interest payable Margin payable Accrued expenses Amounts due to related parties Deferred revenue	79 351,143 4,500 118,735	83 550,413 5,208 44,508	78 348,826 2,693 41,496
Other payable	19	2	36
Total payables =	474,476	600,231	393,129

NOTE 11 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the period, there have been dealings between members of the Banking Group, and dealings with other subsidiaries of the Registered Bank. Dealings include activities such as funding, accepting deposits, payment of fees on behalf of the Banking Group, income attribution received from overseas desks for the sale of credits and rates products, and transactions between J.P. Morgan Australia Group Pty Limited, the head entity in the Australian tax consolidated group, and the three Australian incorporated companies within the Banking Group under various tax sharing agreements. These transactions were made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. No related party debts have been written off, forgiven or provided for during the period.

All of the Banking Group companies are ultimately owned by the Registered Bank.

	Ва	Banking Group (\$'000)		
	Unaudited 31/03/2017	Unaudited 31/03/2016	Audited 31/12/2016	
Total due from related parties	465,672	385,790	122,939	
Total due to related parties	183,472	248,524	187,107	

NOTE 12 – TOTAL LIABILITIES OF THE REGISTERED BANK IN NEW ZEALAND, NET OF AMOUNTS DUE TO RELATED PARTIES

	N	IZ Branch (\$'000)	
	Unaudited 31/03/2017	Unaudited 31/03/2016	Audited 31/12/2016
bilities net of amounts due to related parties	493,877	355,945	238,851

NOTE 13 - RECONCILIATION OF NET SURPLUS TO NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Banking	Group	(S'	000
Duilling	CICUP	17	

	paritaile group (4 and)		
	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
	3 months to	3 months to	12 months
	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/12/2016
Net profit/(loss) for the period	1,166	584	5,455
Movement in Head Office Repatriation included in net surplus	(584)	(422)	(3,847)
Depreciation and amortisation	10	48	88
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Movement in financial instruments	(76,185)	(26,005)	(22,707)
Movement in fee income receivable	406	(353)	(469)
Movement in accrued interest receivable	(13)	176	144
Movement in amounts due from related parties	(698)	(254)	3,073
Movement in margin receivables	(2,968)	(141,382)	55,360
Movement in other receivable	27	94	221
Movement in deferred tax assets	-	-	(194)
Movement in loans	(357,399)	(8,056)	(21,544)
Movement in deposits	(136,865)	274,678	116,971
Movement in tax payable	339	143	1,508
Movement in accrued interest payable	1	(1)	(6)
Movement in margin payable	2,317	142,031	(59 <i>,</i> 557)
Movement in other payables	(17)	-	-
Movement in accrued expenses	1,807	2,523	42
Movement in amounts due to related parties	77,239	25,921	22,909
Movement in deferred revenue	-	(6)	(23)
Movement in foreign exchange translation balances attributable to cash and			2.0.0
other balances	(18)	65	(206)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	(491,435)	269,784	97,218

NOTE 14 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 March 2017, the Banking Group had an undrawn committed facility of Nil (31 December 2016: Nil) and a stand-by letter of credit of \$4.8mm (31 December 2016: \$4.8mm). In addition, the Banking Group had lease commitments of \$0.43mm as at the reporting date (31 December 2016: \$0.48mm).

NOTE 15 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill and intangible assets were acquired as part of the purchase of ANZ New Zealand custody business on 18 December 2009.

Unaudited 31/03/2017	Unaudited 31/03/2016	Audited 31/12/2016
642 289 377	642 289 377	642 289 377
•	,	(558) 750
	289	289 289 377 377 (568) (530)

NOTE 16 - EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the reporting period which significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Banking Group in future financial years.

NOTE 17 - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE REGISTERED BANK

Attached to, and forming part of, this Disclosure Statement are the most recently publicly available (un-audited) financial statements of the Registered Bank for the three months ended 31 March 2017, and the most recent audited financial statements of the Registered Bank for the twelve months ended 31 December 2016, each prepared in accordance with US GAAP. The most recent publicly available Disclosure Statement of the Banking Group and the Registered Bank can be accessed online at http://www.jpmorgan.com/pages/international/newzealand.

NOTE 18 - INTEREST EARNING AND DISCOUNT BEARING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	Banking Group (\$'000)			
	Unaudited 3 months 31/03/2017	Unaudited 3 months 31/03/2016	Audited 12 months 31/12/2016	
Interest earning and discount bearing assets	704,058	754,650	486,908	
Interest and discount bearing liabilities	588,325	711,525	449,625	

NOTE 19 - CAPITAL ADEQUACY

The Federal Reserve Board establishes capital requirements, including well-capitalised standards, for the consolidated financial holding company, JPMorgan Chase & Co. The Office of the Comptroller of the Currency establishes similar requirements for the Registered Bank.

Basel III presents two comprehensive methodologies for calculating RWA: a general (standardized) approach ("Basel III Standardized"), and an advanced approach ("Basel III Advanced"). Certain of the requirements of Basel III are subject to phase-in periods that began on January 1, 2014 and continue through the end of 2018 ("transitional period"). Basel III capital rules will become fully phased-in on January 1, 2019, at which point the Firm will continue to calculate its capital ratios under both the Basel III Standardized and Advanced Approaches.

All banking institutions are currently required to have a minimum capital ratio of 4.5% of CET1 capital. Certain banking organizations, including the Firm, are required to hold additional amounts of capital to serve as a "capital conservation buffer". The capital conservation buffer is intended to be used to absorb potential losses in times of financial or economic stress. If not maintained, the Firm could be limited in the amount of capital that may be distributed, including dividends and common equity repurchases. The capital conservation buffer is subject to a phase-in period that began January 1, 2016 and continues through the end of 2018.

As an expansion of the capital conservation buffer, the Firm is also required to hold additional levels of capital in the form of a GSIB surcharge and a countercyclical capital buffer. The Firm's Fully Phased-In GSIB surcharge for 2016 was calculated to be 2.5% under Method 1 and 4.5% under Method 2. Accordingly, the Firm's minimum capital ratios applicable in 2016 include a GSIB surcharge of 1.125%, resulting from the application of the transition provisions to the 4.5% fully phased-in GSIB surcharge. For 2017, the Firm has calculated its Fully Phased-In GSIB surcharge to be 2.5% under Method 1 and 3.5% under Method 2 resulting in the inclusion of a GSIB surcharge of 1.75% in the Firm's minimum capital ratios after application of the transition provisions.

The countercyclical capital buffer takes into account the macro financial environment in which large, internationally active banks function. On September 8, 2016 the Federal Reserve published the framework that will apply to the setting of the countercyclical capital buffer. As of October 24, 2016 the Federal Reserve reaffirmed setting the U.S. countercyclical capital buffer at 0%, and stated that it will review the amount at least annually. The countercyclical capital buffer can be increased if the Federal Reserve, FDIC and OCC determine that credit growth in the economy has become excessive and can be set at up to an additional 2.5% of RWA subject to a 12-month implementation period.

Based on the Firm's most recent estimate of its GSIB surcharge and the current countercyclical buffer being set at 0%, the Firm estimates its Fully Phased-In CET1 capital requirement, at January 1, 2019, would be 10.5% (reflecting the 4.5% CET1 capital requirement, the Fully Phased-In 2.5% capital conservation buffer and the GSIB surcharge of 3.5%). As well as meeting the capital ratio requirements of Basel III, the Firm must, in order to be "well-capitalized", maintain a minimum 6% Tier 1 capital and a 10% Total capital requirement. At December 31, 2016 and 2016, JPMorgan Chase maintained Basel III Standardized Transitional and Basel III Advanced Transitional ratios in excess of the well-capitalized standards established by the Federal Reserve.

NOTE 19 - CAPITAL ADEQUACY (continued)

The Firm continues to believe that over the next several years, it will operate with a Basel III CET1 capital ratio between 11% and 12.5%. It is the Firm's intention that the Firm's capital ratios continue to meet regulatory minimums as they are fully implemented in 2019 and thereafter.

Capital Adequacy Ratios	Basel III Advanced Transitional Registered Bank 31/03/2017 Unaudited	Basel III Standardised Registered Bank 31/03/2017 Unaudited	Basel III Advanced Transitional Registered Bank 31/03/2016 Unaudited	Basel III Standardised Registered Bank 31/03/2016 Unaudited
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	14.55%	14.09%	13.23%	13.06%
Tier 1 Capital	14.55%	14.09%	13.25%	13.07%
Total Capital	14.94%	15.01%	13.82%	14.20%

The most recent publicly available Call Report of the Banking Group and the Registered Bank can be accessed online at http://www.jpmorgan.com/pages/international/newzealand.

The ratios given for Registered Bank are for the consolidated group, including the Registered Bank and its subsidiary and associated companies. The capital ratios for the Registered Bank on an unconsolidated basis are not publicly available. The Registered Bank is subject to the capital requirements of the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, the capital requirements of which are at least equal to those specified under the Basel framework and are not publicly available.

NOTE 20 - CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT EXPOSURE TO INDIVIDUAL COUNTERPARTIES

The Banking Group has no aggregate credit exposure to an individual counterparty or group of closely related counterparties (whether bank or non-bank exposures) which equals or exceeds 10% of the Registered Bank's equity as at 31 March 2017, 31 March 2016 or 31 December 2016, or in respect of peak end-of-day aggregate credit exposures for the most recent quarter of the financial period.

NOTE 21 – ACTIVITIES OF THE BANKING GROUP IN NEW ZEALAND

As at 31 March 2017, no members of the Banking Group have been involved in:

- (a) the origination of securitised assets or the marketing or servicing of securitisation schemes;
- (b) the marketing and distribution of insurance products; and
- (c) the establishment, marketing, or sponsorship of trust or funds management

Custodial Services

The financial statements of the Banking Group include income in respect of custodial services provided to customers by the NZ Branch. As at 31 March 2017, securities held on behalf of NZ Branch's customers were excluded from the Statement of Financial Position. The value of securities held in custody by NZ Branch was \$35,619 million (December 2016: \$35,133 million).

NZ Branch is subject to the typical risks incurred by custodial operations. JPMCC maintains a range of insurance policies (for its own benefit and that of subsidiaries including NZ Branch), including Banker's Blanket Bond Insurance which provides cover for it in respect of loss of money or securities (through fraud, theft or disappearance). Such Banker's Blanket Bond cover is maintained with limits of cover which vary from time to time but which are considered prudent and in accordance with international levels and insurance market capacity.

NOTE 22 - RISK MANAGEMENT

During the three months ended 31 March 2017, there have been no material changes to the Banking Group's policies for managing risks in relation to credit risk, interest rate risk, currency risk, equity risk, liquidity risk, operational risk or any other material business risk to which it is exposed.

Exposure to Liquidity Risk

The following table shows a composition of our funding sources that contribute to the liquidity risk position as at 31 March 2017 and are held by the Banking Group for the purposes of managing liquidity risk.

	Banking Group (\$'000)
	Unaudited
	31/03/2017
Cash and cash equivalents	22,985
Client funds receivables	357,395
Receivables	3,411
Government bonds	116,753
Cash collateral pledged on reverse repurchase agreements	92,264
Loans	472,056
	1,064,864

NOTE 23 - EXPOSURES TO MARKET RISK

Set out below are details of market risk end-period notional capital charges. These have been derived using the Capital Adequacy Framework (Standardised Approach) (BS2A) methodology, which is in accordance with Schedule 9 of the Registered Bank Disclosure Statements (Overseas Incorporated Registered Banks) Order 2014 (as amended). Market risk exposures have been derived using the Capital Adequacy Framework (Standardised Approach) (BS2A) methodology.

		roup (\$'000)
	Implied risk weighted	Notional capital charge
31 March 2017		
Aarket Risk End-period		
nterest rate risk		-
Foreign currency risk	781	. 62
Equity risk		

NOTE 24 - ASSET QUALITY

There are no expected material losses or diminution in asset value for the Banking Group. The provision of information in relation to the following classes of assets is therefore not necessary:

- aggregate amount of any undrawn balances on lending commitments to counterparties for whom drawn balances are classified
 as individually impaired;
- other individually impaired assets;
- restructured assets;
- financial assets acquired through the enforcement of security;
- real estate assets acquired through the enforcement of security;
- other assets acquired through the enforcement of security; and
- other assets under administration.

The table below presents assets past due at balance date:

Banking Group (\$'000) Unaudited

31 March 2017	Up to 30 days	Over 30 days and up to 60 days	Over 60 days and up to 90 days	Over 90 days	Total
Past due and not impaired	32	-	-	15	47

	Banking Group		Registered Bank (consolidated)	
	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited
	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/03/2017	31/03/2016
	NZ\$'000	NZ\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
Total individually impaired assets (before allowances for credit impairment loss and net of interest held in suspense)	-	-	21,958,000	16,973,000
Total individually impaired assets expressed as a percentage of total assets	-	-	1.0%	0.8%
Total individual credit impairment allowance	-	=	10,347,000	11,279,000
Total individual credit impairment allowance expressed as a percentage of total impaired assets		-	47.1%	66.5%
Total collective credit impairment allowance	-	-	-	-
Non-financial assets acquired through the enforcement of security	-	-	-	-

NOTE 25 - REGISTERED BANK PROFITABILITY AND SIZE

	Registered Bank (consolidated)	
	Unaudited 3 months to 31/03/2017 US\$'000	Unaudited 3 months to 31/03/2016 US\$'000
Net profit/(loss) after taxation	4,978,000	4,196,000
Net profit/(loss) after taxation, over the previous 12 month period, as a percentage of average total assets	1.0%	0.8%
Total assets	2,138,002,000	2,015,718,000
Percentage increase/(decrease) in total assets from previous period	6.1%	-1.8%